IIHMR UNIVERSITY

Celebrating 38 years of institutional excellence

MONTHLY REPORT

October 2022

INSTITUTE *of*
HEALTH MANAGEMENT RESEARCH

SCHOOL *of*
PHARMACEUTICAL MANAGEMENT

SCHOOL *of*
DEVELOPMENT STUDIES

SD GUPTA
SCHOOL *of* PUBLIC HEALTH

Contents

Dr. P. R. Sodani
President
IIHMR University, Jaipur

Executive Summary

I am delighted to present the report of IIHMR University, Jaipur, for October 2022.

The month of October was full of celebrations. We celebrated Diwali, Foundation Day and National Innovations Day with faculty, staff members and students.

We inaugurated MPH (Implementation Science) – a WHO/TDR fellowship programme – a global program.

We conducted MDP and training programs in offline and online mode and continued industry exposure for students with Webinars and MasterClasses. Faculty members continued their spree of publications of papers and cases.

I am happy to share that, IIHMR University, Jaipur, is recognized as the Host Institute (HI) by the Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSME), Government of India, for implementing the incubation component under MSME innovative scheme.

The UNION has empanelled IIHMR University as a Research agency for Impact Evaluations and Assessments of various Advocacy Communications and Social Mobilisation (ACSM) related activities.

We are grateful to the Board of Management of IIHMR University for their continuous support and guidance.

Academics Teaching / Learning / Evaluation

MBA Hospital and Health Management

First Year Hospital Management
Oct. 03 - 07; Oct. 10 - 14
Bio - Statistics

Oct. 17-21
Essentials of Epidemiology

Second Year Hospital Management
Oct. 3 - 7
Quality Management and Patients' Safety

Oct. 10 - 14
Hospital Preparedness for Disaster Management

Oct. 17 - 21
Hospital Planning and Facility Management

Second Year Health Management
Oct. 3 - 7; Oct. 10 - 14
Health Management Information System

Oct.17 - 21
Quality Management and Patients' Safety

MBA Pharmaceutical Management

First Year Pharmaceutical Management
Oct. 03 - 07
Statistics for Managers

Oct. 10 -14; Oct. 17 - 21
Pharmacology and Therapeutic Management

Second Year Pharmaceutical Management
Oct. 3 - 7
Strategic Management

Oct. 10 - 14; Oct.17 - 21
Pharmaceutical International Business Management

MBA Development Management

First Year Development Management
Oct. 03 - 07
Understanding Development Transformation in India

Oct. 10 - 14; Oct. 17 - 21
Essentials of Economics

Second Year Development Management
Oct. 03 - 07; Oct. 10 - 14
Forest, Grass Land and Farm Based Livelihood

Oct. 17 - 21
Non-Farm livelihoods, Value Chain and Enterprise

PhD Cohort 9

Oct. 8 - 16, 2022
Research Methods-II
Demography
Qualitative Research Methods

MPH Cohort 9

Oct. 17 - 19
Capstone Presentation

MPH Cohort 10

Oct. 10 - 20
Principals of Management in Public Health

MPH Implementation Science

Oct. 19 - 22
Global Health and Health System in LMICs

Oct. 26 - 29
Introduction to Implementation Science

MPH Implementation Science

Inaugural Session - Oct 17,2022

Participants are from the following countries :

- Egypt
- India
- Libya
- Nepal
- Somalia
- Sudan
- Yemen

Publications

frontiers | Frontiers in Health Services

TYPE Original Research
PUBLISHED 06 September 2022
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OPEN ACCESS

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Majumdar P, Gupta SD, Mangal DK, Sharma N and Kalbarczyk A (2022) Understanding the role of power and its relationship to the implementation of the polio eradication initiative in india. *Front. Health Serv.* 2:896508. doi: 10.3389/frhs.2022.896508

Understanding the role of power and its relationship to the implementation of the polio eradication initiative in india

Piyusha Majumdar[1]*, S. D. Gupta[2], D. K. Mangal[3], Neeraj Sharma[1] and Anna Kalbarczyk[4]

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Background: Power is exercised everywhere in global health, although its presence may be more apparent in some instances than others. Studying power is thus a core concern of researchers and practitioners working in health policy and systems research (HPSR), an interdisciplinary, problem-driven field focused on understanding and strengthening multilevel systems and policies. This paper aims to conduct a power analysis as mobilized by the actors involved in implementation of the polio program. It will also reflect how different power categories are exerted by actors and embedded in strategies to combat program implementation challenges while planning and executing the Global Polio Eradication Initiative.

Methods: We collected quantitative and qualitative data from stakeholders who were part of the Polio universe as a part of Synthesis and Translation of Research and Innovations from the Polio Eradication Project. Key informants were main actors of the polio eradication program, both at the national and sub-national levels. Research tools were designed to explore the challenges, strategies and unintended consequences in implementing the polio eradication program in India. We utilized Moon's expanded typology of power in global governance to analyze the implementation of the polio eradication programme in India.

Results: We collected 517 survey responses and conducted 25 key informant interviews. Understanding power is increasingly recognized as an essential parameter to understand global governance and health. Stakeholders involved during polio program implementation have exerted different kinds of power from structural to discursive, moral power wielded by religious leaders to institutional power, expert power used by professional doctors to commoners like female vaccinators, and network power exercised by community influencers. Hidden power was also demonstrated by powerless actors like children bringing mothers to polio booths.

Conclusion: Power is not a finite resource, and it can be used, shared, or created by stakeholders and networks in multiple ways. Those people who seem to be powerless possess invisible power that can influence decision making. Moreover, these power categories are not mutually exclusive and

Article

Knowledge, Attitude and Practices among Public Health Professionals towards COVID-19 in India

Journal of Health Management
1–9

DOI: 10.1177/09720634221128396
journals.sagepub.com/home/jhm
SAGE

Piyusha Majumdar[1], S. D. Gupta[1], Neeraj Sharma[1] and D. K. Mangal[1]

Abstract

World is suffering from a pandemic situation due to coronavirus disease (COVID-19) since December 2019. In this emergency, everyone at individual/country/global level is trying to contribute at their best with their available knowledge and resources. However, more and more research and developmental activities are going on but, the reality is far away for a grass-root level health professional. They rely on the indirect sources, that is, published or unpublished literature, social media, internet etc. Many a time, these sources may share an unrealistic or false positive/negative information. Our study was intended to assess the knowledge, attitude and practices related to COVID-19 among the healthcare professionals of different levels. We conducted an online survey after the initiation of the first lockdown in India. Our research team in consultation with the subject experts designed a mix method-based study tool and shared it by sending emails to 1,200 participants. A total of 180 respondents participated in the online survey of which 34% were government health professionals and 24% were working with a research/academic institution. All participants were between 23 and 74 years age group (mean 39 years). Participants shared their views on first, knowledge about symptoms, preventive measures and treatment options for COVID-19. Second, on attitude towards handling COVID-19 pandemic using social distancing, following lockdown and travel advisory, etc. Third, on the practice of non-pharmaceutical measures to prevent COVID-19. We found that the social media platform acted as one of the most important platforms for awareness generation regarding COVID-19 but it was also generating stigma among people. Till the time of the survey, there is still a dearth of knowledge about social distancing and what it means, especially physical distance of 1–3 metres and correct usage of mask in different situations. Various important issues pertaining to infant feeding practices, mother and childcare and disposal of dead bodies of COVID infected persons require deliberations and awareness.

Keywords

Coronavirus, COVID-19, knowledge, attitude, practice, stigma

Background

In the current decade, rise of new human pathogens and re-emergence of many new diseases are a matter of great concern. Emerging infections defined as the diseases which became prevalent in recent decade and have chances to grow rapidly soon. Such emergence of infection is usually proliferated in new areas if it is being undetected in the population or due to the realisation of an infectious etiology in already established diseases (Dikid et al., 2013). There are estimates that suggest that about 60% of the infectious disease and 70% of emerging infections occurring in humans are zoonotic and derived from wildlife. In India, viral infections are of three major categories, respiratory viral infections, bat borne viral infections and arboviral infections. Pandemic influenza H1N1, highly pathogenic avian influenza (AI) infection (H5N1) and the Middle East respiratory syndrome coronaviruses (MERS-CoV) represent three pathogens causing serious hazard in this category (Gopalakrishnan et al., 2013).

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Publications

MAN, ENVIRONMENT AND SOCIETY
Vol. 3, No. 1, 2022, pp. 163-174, ISSN: 2582-7669

URL : www.arfjournals.com/mes
https://DOI: 10.47509 /MES.2022.v03i01.12

USE OF MOBILE TECHNOLOGY FOR THE ACHIEVEMENT OF SDG GOALS RELATED TO MATERNAL HEALTH

Tukaram Khandade[1], Monika Choudhary[2] and Santosh Kumar[3]
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Article History

Received : 21 February 2022
Revised : 29 March 2022
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Keywords

mhealth, Front Line Worker, Health System, Sustainable Development Goal

Key Messages

The mobile-based reporting system is quick to establish the monitoring system for health projects. Real-time information on the implementation of the program will support managers in increasing the efficiency of the program.

Abstract: *Context*: Bihar aims to achieve a maternal mortality ratio (MMR) of less than 70 per 1, 00, 000 live births, towards achieving its Sustainable Development Goal. The same can be achieved through robust monitoring of the health programs in the state. The present study critically analyses the use of a mobile-based reporting system on achieving the SDG for the state.

Aims: The study aims to assess the use of mobile phone-based reporting systems for Sustainable Development Goals. Thus, establishing the usefulness of a mobile-based reporting system. The study also explores the cost of running the project.

Settings and Design: It is a quasi-experimental design. The study was conducted with Front Line Workers (FLW -Accredited Social Health Activist & Auxiliary Nurse Midwife) of two intervention blocks in the Saharsa District of Bihar. The two blocks were using mobile phones for reporting RMNCHA services. A total of 109 FLWs were contacted in Jul 2017.

Methods and Material: Quantitative methods were used in the study. Two tools were administered to the respondents at the facility level.

Statistical Analysis Used: The study compares the increase in the utilization of health care services from FY 13-14 to FY 16-17. The case is defined as the block in which the front-line workers use mobile phones for reporting and control is where the reporting is through paper-based mode. To arrive at a net difference, the study used the difference in a different technique to analyse the data. Data were obtained from the government reporting system. To corroborate the results, the mean values were calculated, by dividing the blocks of the district into two groups case and control. The step-down costing of the project was performed to arrive at the unit cost of implementation.

To cite this article

T. Khandade, M. Choudhary & S. Kumar. (2022). Use of Mobile Technology for the Achievement of SDG Goals related to Maternal Health. *Man, Environment and Society*, Vol. 3, No. 1, pp. 163-174. https://DOI: 10.47509/MES.2022.v03i01.12

Publications

Indian Journal of Public Health Research & Development
Volume 14 Issue 4 | October-December 2022

Application of Lean Methodology in Radiology Department of a Multispecialty Hospital.

Susmit Jain[1], Mahima Jha[2]

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How to cite this article: Susmit Jain, Mahima Jha (P.T.) et al Application of Lean Methodology in Radiology Department of a Multispecialty Hospital. Volume 14 | Issue 4 | October-December 2022

Abstract:

Hospital Administrators are continually looking for ways to reduce the cost and expenditure related to healthcare services. The radiology department is one of the key areas for reducing the expenditures of the hospital. The radiology department is an important revenue-generating department, but it also houses one of the costliest technologies to maintain and repair. The study was carried out in a Multispecialty Hospital in India. The objective of the study was to reduce identify wastes or "muda" as in lean methodology of Toyota Production System and to study the cost of materials consumed in the radiology department without compromising the quality of services. The study design was descriptive & cross-sectional, and data of cost analysis was obtained from the Hospital Information System. The period of the study was over a three-month period between March - June 2021. Data of Radiology Information System (R.I.S) (medical imaging software) was also used. The cost related to radiology was determined for the consumables. The sampling technique was purposive. Data was analysed using Minitab and MS Excel. Value Stream Map was created, and 8 types of wastes (lean tool) were identified in the study. The wastes or "muda" occurred during transportation which occurred during shifting of patients and material transportation, inventory, motion, too many clicks for uploading images, waiting for procedures, waiting for reports, re-do and unnecessary tests, excess radiation doses, reporting errors, and insufficient training to staff. In the MRI procedure, Value Stream Map was made, the takt time of 24 min, but the cycle time was 100 min and waiting of 120 minutes, which resulted in the lead time of 220 minutes. Pareto analysis of the consumables was done for 28 products, the products were classified under ABC categories. Radiographic Film-14 x 17 inch & Contrast Omnipaque consumed 73.3 % of the consumption value, they were classified under A category products, 3 products viz Contrast Omniscan, Radiographic Film-11x14inch, Radiographic Film-8 X10inch were categorized under B category which consumed additional 21.05 % of the expenditure, the remaining 20 products were classified under C category, which consumed only 5.68 % of the monetary consumption value.

Category A materials are the most expensive and hence require strict control. From the data analysis, it was observed that stringent control on consumption, monthly consumption analysis, and commitment of the staff members could be the contributory factors for the reduction in expenditure. The maximum scope for cost reduction in the radiology department was in the MRI Studies.

Some of the strategies for cost reduction could be digitalization of services, use of IT in MRI studies CDs could be provided, linking the RIS with mobile application. The reports could be made assessable online which would reduce paper records. is another money-saving tactic. The purchase department must be informed of the consumption pattern on a weekly or monthly basis, particularly for costly products like contrast (Omnipaque and Omniscan).

Keywords: Radiology, Lean, Toyota Production System, Muda, Consumables, Value Stream Map, Pareto Chart.

Introduction

Radiology is the medical discipline that uses medical imaging to diagnose and treat diseases within the bodies of animals, including humans. It is involved with medical imaging techniques such as X-ray, Ultrasound sonography (USG), Computed tomography (CT), Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) etc. to diagnose and treat diseases. It is an important revenue-generating department, but it also houses one of the costliest technologies to maintain and repair. For example, cost of an MRI Machine for GE Systems 1.5 Tesla ranges from 80 Lakhs to 8.5 crores, the CT Scan machine ranges from 80 lakhs to 3.8 crore and X Rays machine ranges from

Publications

European Journal of Molecular & Clinical Medicine

ISSN 2515-8260 Volume 9, Issue 6, 2022

ORIGINAL RESEARCH

Evaluation of prevelance of cardiac risk in diabetic patients: An original research

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ABSTRACT

Aim: The purpose of the present research was to assess the prevalence of cardiac risk factors in case of diabetic patients.

Methodology: We conducted a cross-sectional study that included 800 patients with type 2 DM. We classified the participants into three groups according to the hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) levels. We assessed the prevalence of other cardiovascular risk factors and their association with HbA1c levels through a detailed history, full clinical examination, and laboratory tests.

Results: We found that 75% of the participants were males, 25.5% elderly, 60.25% had hypertension, 60.75% had dyslipidemia, 33.25% were overweight or obese, 19.75% had a family history of coronary artery disease (CAD), 55.75% had established CVD, 42.5% were smokers, and only 12.25% were physically inactive. We found that 84% of the participants had ≥ two cardiovascular risk factors other than DM. HbA1c level was ≥ 7% in 77% of patients. After multivariate regression analysis, we found a significant association of higher systolic blood pressure (BP), more elevated diastolic BP, higher body mass index (BMI), increased waist circumference, old age, long duration of DM, and an increase in the number of clustered CV risk factors with a higher HbA1c level. At the same time, insulin therapy was significantly associated with a lower HbA1c level.

Conclusion: All type 2 diabetic patients in Upper Egypt villages have other associated CV risk factors. The clustering of cardiovascular risk factors showed a significant association with higher HbA1c levels. These findings require the thought of associated CV risk factors in choosing medical treatments to optimize glycemic control and multifactorial intervention to improve CV risk.

Keywords DM, HbA1c, CV risk factors, CVD

Publications

IIHMR UNIVERSITY

A Case of Unpredicted Cancer in a Young Man

Case

422-0104-1

This case was written by Sheenu Jain (IIHMR University, Jaipur) and Rahul VC Tiwari (IIHMR University, Jaipur). It is intended to be used as the basis for class discussion rather than to illustrate either effective or ineffective handling of a management situation. The case was compiled from generalised experience.

case centre

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Training

MDP on Analytics and Decision Support in Health Care Operations Management

October 7-9, 2022

The objective of the programme was to help the participants understand and use important analytics and decision support tools in health care operations management.

The programme was attended by 15 participants, from Government, Private & Development sector.

Training

TOT – Cohort – III, CHO Leadership Certification Program

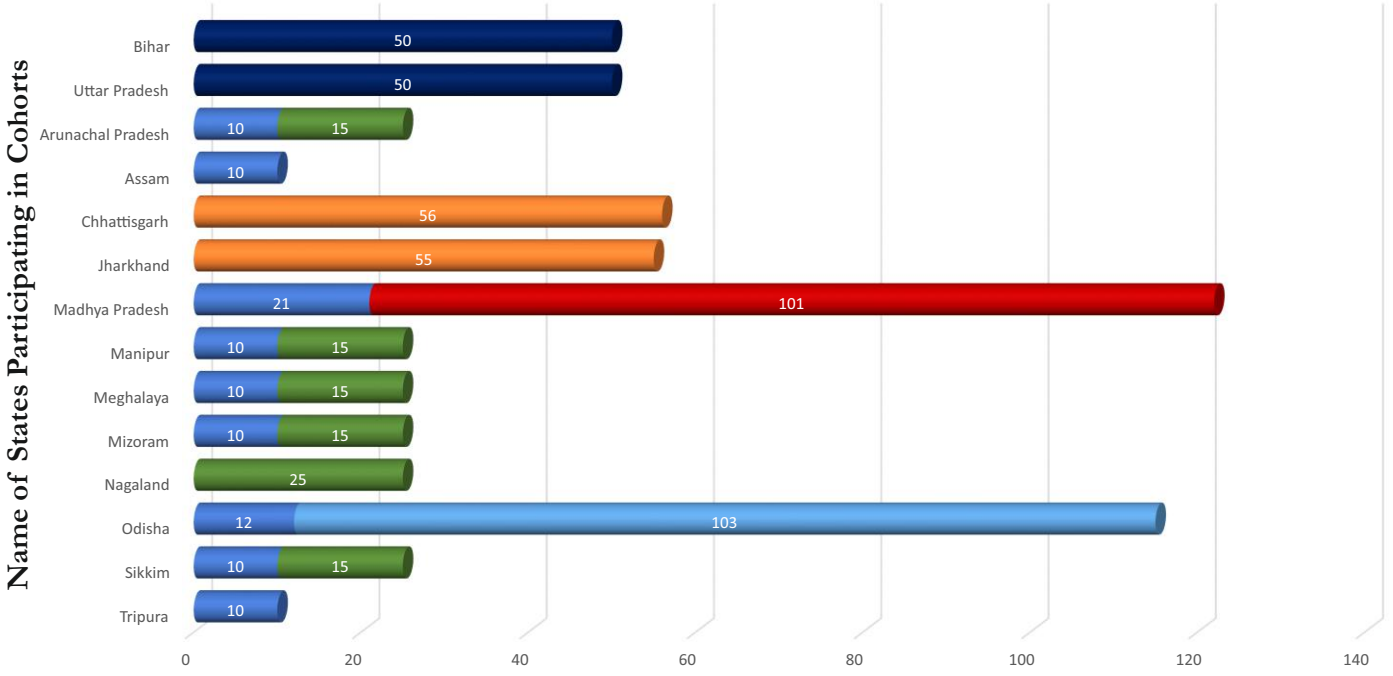
October 10-11, 2022

Training

Leadership Certification Programme for Community Health Officers

(A 10-week online training programme of 40-hours, covering 7 modules)

CHO Leadership Program



Cohort Completed

Cohort 1	Cohort 2	Cohort 3	Cohort 4	Cohort 5
Nov 20, 2021 - Feb 11, 2022 Total Participants - **103**	Feb 05 - Apr 23, 2022 Total Participants - **111**	Mar 12 - May 28, 2022 Total Participants - **101**	April 23 - July 02, 2022 Total Participants - **100**	May 27 - Aug 05, 2022 Total Participants - **103**

Ongoing Cohort

Cohort 6

Aug 26 - Nov 11, 2022

(Uttar Pradesh : 50, Bihar : 50)

Total Participants - **100**

Forthcoming Cohort

Cohort 7	Cohort 8	Cohort 9
Nov 04 - Jan 20, 2023	Nov 19 - Jan 26, 2023	Dec 16 - March 02, 2023

Recognition

IIHMR University, Jaipur, is recognized as the Host Institute (HI) by the Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSME), Government of India, for implementing the incubation component under MSME innovative scheme. As a Host Institute, IIHMR University is eligible to submit new innovative ideas for getting financial support under the new MSME innovative scheme.

सत्यमेव जयते

MSME

MICRO, SMALL & MEDIUM ENTERPRISES

सूक्ष्म, लघु एवं मध्यम उद्यम

IIHMR UNIVERSITY

Recognition

IIHMR University, Jaipur, is empanelled with The UNION as a Research agency for Impact Evaluations and Assessments of various Advocacy Communications and Social Mobilisation (ACSM) related activities.

The Union

International Union Against Tuberculosis and Lung Disease

Health solutions for the poor

IIHMR UNIVERSITY

MoU

IIHMR Startups (A Unit of IIHMR Foundation) also signed MoU with Qapita . This strategic partnership will support healthcare startups in managing their finances, ESOP and in raising funds. Qapita simplify management of ownership in companies. They make recording, trading and tracking easy, transparent and accessible for all stakeholders.

QAPITA

IIHMR STARTUPS
A unit of IIHMR Foundation

Webinar

Know Your Alumni

MasterClass

Ranking

Foundation Day Celebration

October 07, 2022

IIHMR was established on 5th October 1984. We celebrated 38th Foundation Day on 7th October 2022. Dr. Vishwa Mohan Katoch, President, JIPMER, Puducherry; Chairman, AIIMS, Madurai; Chairman, LEPRA Society, was the Chief Guest of the ceremony.

On this occasion, we also released a book on 'Healthcare System Management - Methods and Techniques' edited by Dr. S.D. Gupta and Dr. Anoop Khanna.

We have grown gainfully. For the last 38 years, we have been committed to promoting health management research and education locally and globally. We started our journey with research and policy advocacy. After gaining adequate experience and exposure to Health Systems through research, our faculty team decided to enter into education to create future leaders in the health sector. Across the university—across all of our four schools, IHMR, SPM, SDS, and SDG-SPH—we seek to educate our students and advance research in areas that meet national and global needs. Today, IIHMR university is the only university producing the largest number of hospital and health management managers every year in the country.

– **Dr. P.R. Sodani**, President, IIHMR University

Foundation Day Celebration

October 07, 2022

Distinguished Alumni Award

October 07, 2022

This year, on the occasion of foundation day, university has introduced Distinguished Alumni Award for felicitating alumni and to recognize alumnus, who have made significant contribution to society. The award was given to students of PGDHM 1996-98, **Dr. Nidhi Pundhir**, Vice President, and Director, HCL Foundation and **Dr. Manvir Singh**, Former COO Thumbay University Hospital; Thumbay Dental Hospital; and Thumbay Physical Therapy and Rehabilitation Hospital Thumbay Healthcare Division, Thumbay Group, UAE.


IIHMR UNIVERSITY

IIHMR University, Jaipur
presents

Distinguished Alumni Award 2022

to

Dr. Nidhi Pundhir

PGDHM 1996-98
Vice President and Director, HCL Foundation

for
Significant Contribution in Promoting Healthcare

Presented on

38th Foundation Day Celebration
of Indian Institute of Health Management Research

Friday, October 7, 2022


IIHMR UNIVERSITY

IIHMR University, Jaipur
presents

Distinguished Alumni Award 2022

to

Dr. Manvir Singh

PGDHM 1996-98
Former COO Thumbay University Hospital, Thumbay Dental Hospital,
and Thumbay Physical Therapy and Rehabilitation Hospital
Thumbay Healthcare Division, Thumbay Group, UAE

for
Significant Contribution in Promoting Healthcare

Presented on

38th Foundation Day Celebration
of Indian Institute of Health Management Research

Friday, October 7, 2022

National Innovation Day Celebration

October 15, 2022

Diwali Celebration

October 21, 2022

Faculty Development

Title of the programmes
Public Health and Emergency Workforce Roadmap 2022 (WHO HQ Geneva), October 18-19, 2022, WHO
4th International Conference on Public Health and Well-being, October 18-19, 2022, University Putra, Malaysia
Leadership in Strategic Communication, September 19-30, 2022, organized by Johns Hopkins University Bloomberg School of Public Health, Center for Communication Programs (CCP), and Center for Communication and Change - India (CCC-I)
External Assessors Training on National Quality Assurance Standards (NQAS), October 10-15, 2022, organized by National Health Systems Resource Centre (NHSRC), National Health Mission, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Government of India
Workshop on National Guidelines for Data Quality in Surveys, October 17-18, 2022, organized by ICMR-National Institute of Medical Statistics, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Government of India
Orientation Workshop on Public Health Management Cadre, October 21, 2022, organized by National Health Systems Resource Centre (NHSRC), National Health Mission, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Government of India

Media Coverage

GLORIOUS 38 YEARS!

—PHOTOS BY MUKESH KIRADOO

Indian Institute of Health Management Research (IIHMR) was established on 5 October 1984. To commemorate this special day IIHMR University celebrated its 38th Foundation Day on Friday.The event was graced by the benign presence of Chief Guest, Dr Vishwa Mohan Katoch, President, JIPMER, Puducherry, Chairman, AIIMS, Madurai, Chairman LEPRA Society, Former Secretary, Department of Health Research, Government of India and Director General, Indian Council of Medical Research. The programme commenced with Saraswati Vandana which was followed by a welcome address by Dr P.R. Sodani, President of IIHMR University, followed by a digital presentation of reflections on the IIHMR journey, from its inception in 1984 to 2022.

IIHMR celebrates Foundation Day

EXPRESS NEWS SERVICE
JAIPUR, OCTOBER 7

THE INDIAN Institute of Health Management Research (IIHMR) celebrated its 38th Foundation Day on Friday.

Dr Vishwa Mohan Katoch, president of Jawaharlal Institute of Postgraduate Medical Education & Research (JIPMER), Puducherry, and who is also the chairman of AIIMS, Madurai, was the chief guest.

In the welcome address, IHMR president Dr P R Sodani shared some of the notable achievements made by the university last year. This was followed by a digital presentation of reflections of IIHMR from its inception in 1984 to 2022. Dr Katoch also released a book.

Four healthcare startup ideas were given funds worth Rs 2 lakh each to help develop their ideas into a working prototype, while one of the startups received Rs 5 lakh seed investment for upscaling. Dr Sodani said, "We at IIHMR are now supporting healthcare startups and providing them with mentorship, domain expertise, linkages and monetary support."

The university has also instituted the Distinguished Alumni Awards this year, which were conferred to Dr Manvir Singh Pal, former COO Thumbay Group, UAE and Nidhi Pundhir, VP and director of HCL Foundation.

Media Coverage

आईआईएचएमआर के फाउंडेशन डे पर भारतनाट्यम की प्रस्तुति देती छात्राएं।

फाउंडेशन डे | आईआईएचएमआर यूनिवर्सिटी ने मनाया 38वां स्थापना दिवस

राज्यों की संस्कृति का संगम; राजस्थानी फोक के साथ लावणी, भंगड़ा और गिद्दा

'केसरिया बालम' गीत पर नृत्य करती छात्राएं।

सिटी रिपोर्टर | हाव-भाव, रंग-रूप और संस्कृति का संगम राजस्थानी फोक, पंजाबी भंगड़ा व गिद्दा से लेकर महाराष्ट्र के लावणी में दिखाई दिया। मौका था आईआईएचएमआर यूनिवर्सिटी जयपुर के 38वें स्थापना दिवस समारोह का। आयोजन में इस खास और उल्लास को दिखाया। स्टेज पर स्टूडेंट्स ने विभिन्न राज्यों की नृत्य शैलियों के जरिए सांस्कृतिक स्वरूप भी प्रस्तुत किया। यहां संगीत और ग्रुप सिंगिंग प्रस्तुतियां भी दीं। कार्यक्रम के आखिर में एलुमिनाई को सम्मानित करने के लिए पहली बार अवॉर्ड दिए गए। यह पुरस्कार धुंधे ग्रुप, पूर्व सांई.ओ. डॉ. मनवीर सिंह पहल और एजुकेशन फाउंडेशन की उपाध्यक्ष एवं निदेशक तिथि पुनीत को दिए गए। इस मौके पर चीफ गेस्ट के रूप में त्रिपुरा पुडुचेरी के प्रेसिडेंट डॉ. विश्व मोहन कटोच ने 'हेल्थकेयर सिस्टम मैनेजमेंट : मैथड्स एंड टेक्नीक्स' किताब का विमोचन किया। इसी किताब के एडिटर व एसोसिएट एडिटर डॉ. एम.डी. गुप्ता व डॉ. अनुप खन्ना हैं। डॉ. विश्व मोहन ने इन्हें बधाई दी और हेल्थकेयर सेक्टर में इस प्रकार की किताब और रिसर्च को अहम बताया। इस अवसर पर आईआईएचएमआर फाउंडेशन की पहली सालगिरह मनाते हुए नए स्टार्टअप्स को 11 लाख रुपए दिए। इनमें पहले से चयनित 4 हेल्थकेयर स्टार्टअप को अपने आईडिया का प्रोटोटाइप तैयार करने के लिए 2-2 लाख रुपए दिए गए। एक स्टार्टअप को 5 लाख का फंड दिया गया।

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